

THE INTERIOR JOURNAL.

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NO. 39.

Don't Forget The Lincoln County Fair!

STANFORD, KY., JULY 21---THREE DAYS.

\$1,500 Given Away in Premiums. Great \$150 Sweepstake Saddle Ring; also \$150 Roadster Ring and \$50 Colt Stake.

Get your stock in shape. There is a ring for everything in the stock line each day. Come and enjoy yourself and mingle with old friends for 3 days.

S. T. HARRIS, Pres.

J. F. CUMMINS, Sec'y.

TO THE DEMOCRATS OF LINCOLN COUNTY.

Inasmuch as Mr. McCarty, my opponent in the primary election, has published as an advertisement, with his comments thereon, the opinion of the Court of Appeals in the Harrison county case, and has sent to each member of the County Committee a letter, wherein he tries to explain why he has prevented them from hearing and deciding my contest of his nomination, I think it proper that I publish this card.

Primary elections in this State are regulated by law. They are held by the party authorities, but the manner of holding, the qualifications of voters, and all contests, arising thereunder, are regulated by law. The law provides that the county committee shall constitute a board of contest and delegates to it the power to establish rules for the trial of such contest.

Within the time and in the manner, provided by the law, I gave Mr. McCarty notice that I would contest his right to the nomination for the office of sheriff. In this notice, I set forth in detail, the grounds of my contest, giving the names of illegal voters, and stating the facts, showing them to be illegal voters. I also charged that the ballots in the boxes, then in the hands of the committee, showed that I had received the highest number of legal votes. I asked and demanded of the committee a hearing of the contest—a hearing of the facts.

The party law, as established and adopted by the State convention, held in Lexington, Ky., on June 11th, 1908, provides that in case of contest, "the County Central Committee, trying such contest, shall, upon application, in writing of not less than ten per cent. of the democratic voters, participating in such primary, in one precinct, open the ballot box, used in such precinct, and count the ballots therein in order that any fraud, or error practiced by the election officers, may be discovered and corrected; and the count made by the committee shall take the place of the count made by the precinct election officers. Such application to be made within ten days after such election."

In compliance with this provision of the party law, and in addition to my notice of contest, I also filed with the committee, petitions from voters, in Stanford Precinct, No. 1, Waynesburg, Nos. 2 and 3, and Hustonville, No. 1, asking that the ballot-boxes, used in these precincts be opened and the ballots therein counted. These petitions were framed, signed and filed in strict compliance with the above party law.

After the filing of my notice of contest and these petitions, the committee met, and without any trial, or even a consideration of the petitions, filed under the party law, my contest was, by a vote of seven to five, refused a hearing and trial.

I then filed, in the Lincoln Circuit Court, a suit against the members of the County Committee, wherein I prayed the Court to compel the committee to meet and hear my contest, as provided by law and party rules.

The Court-Judge Bell, after hearing all of the proof offered by the parties, decided that my contest had not been heard or tried and granted the prayer of my petition, and so entered a judgment, directing the committee to meet on Monday, July 5th 1909, and hear my contest. On Saturday afternoon, July 3rd, just one day before the date, fixed for the meeting, Mr. McCarty stopped the meeting of the committee, by executing a bond and carrying the case to the Court of Appeals. This Court does not convene until the 3rd Monday in September. So nothing can now be done by me until the case is heard and decided by the Court of Appeals.

The provisions of the statute and party law are wise and just, and made, as stated in the party law, "in order that any fraud or error practiced by the election officers, may be discovered and corrected." These laws were made to secure fairness, and prevent any candidate from forcing himself upon the party by fraud. For these very reasons, I am trying to invoke and enforce these just and wise provisions of the law. From the very beginning of my contest, I have taken every step, in the manner provided by law. There has not been any contention, or even an intimation that I have not tracked the law, in every detail. The legislature and the party authorities undertook, in their wisdom and justice, to secure fairness and correct fraud, but neither of these virtues of the legislature and party authorities seem to appeal to, or have any consideration at the hands of my opponent, since his sole and only purpose and effort has been to prevent a hearing and trial of the contest.

I have done nothing in secret. My charges of fraud and false returns are contained in my notice of contest, and in the pleadings, on file in my suit. I only demand the right to prove the fraud as charged and I am prevented from doing so by my opponent. He does not want the facts heard.

From the very beginning of the contest he has done everything in his power to prevent a trial and hearing of the facts. If there ever was any doubt as to the truth of my grounds of contest, such doubt is unquestionably removed by his last act, in preventing the committee from hearing the contest upon the facts as ordered by Judge Bell.

The opinion of the Court of Appeals, in the Harrison County case, and which my opponent publishes with comment, as an advertisement instead of signing his name thereto, contains no new principle and is not in conflict with the decision of Judge Bell.

I have never contended that the decision of the County Committee, upon a trial of the contest was not final, or that it could be appealed from or corrected by any Court. My contention has, all of the while, been that the committee had never heard or decided the contest. Judge Bell sustained my contention and did so, after hearing all proof. His decision was based upon the proven and admitted facts. He was perfectly familiar with the Beazley case, so copiously cited in the Harrison County case, and never based his opinion upon any right of the Court to correct or control the decision of the committee upon a trial of the contest. He simply held, as was clearly established by the proof, that there had been no trial or decision of the contest,—a fact, well known to every person in the community.

Again, in the case advertised and commented upon by Mr. McCarty, the contestant, as appears from the opinion, had attempted to comply with the party law, and so have the committee open the ballot boxes and count the ballots therein, but it was decided by the committee, after full consideration, that he had not complied with the party law, in that he had not filed his petitions in time, and so a recount of the ballots was refused. This action of the committee was upheld by the Court and properly so. It was conceded in that case that contestant had the right, upon compliance with the party law, to have the ballots counted, but he had not complied, and so was not entitled to have a recount.

Now, in my case, there was no question as to the legality of the petitions, or as to their being filed in time. The petitions filed by me, were never considered by the committee. Some mem-

bers of it did not even know of their existence or nature. In the Harrison county case, the petitions were duly considered by the committee, and the count refused because they were not filed in time. In my case, the petitions were not considered at all. This was admitted on the trial, and Judge Bell so decided. So the Harrison County case sustains Judge Bell. No person, whose conception of fair dealing is not blunted by selfish interest, will contend that the decision of the Circuit Court, was not for justice and the right. But let it be admitted that the case will be reversed by the Appellate Court, how will this reversal affect the merits of my contest? Such reversal could only be based upon the ground that the court had no right to order the committee to hear my contest. It would not disprove my charges of fraud, or be any evidence whatever that I was not fairly nominated. The record of the Circuit Court will ever stand. This judgment is that no trial of my contest was ever had. This record will forever show that Mr. McCarty refused to meet the charges of fraud or allow the facts to be heard. In case the decision of the Circuit Court is reversed, Mr. McCarty would stand just where he does now—holding a certificate of nomination, charged to be the result of fraud, and afraid to meet the charges before a committee, a majority of whom are his supporters. In addition to his advertisement, Mr. McCarty sends out a letter to each member of the committee, trying to explain away his perfectly obvious and perfectly manifest purpose in preventing the committee from trying the contest, as provided by law and the party rules. In this letter he says, "I am very confident that the court of appeals will uphold the action of the committee heretofore taken, and in view of the fact that Mr. Baughman has intimated that he would not abide by the action of the committee, should they meet next Monday, but would bring another suit against the committee, or take some other step, tending to confuse matters, I feel that it is best to have the case reviewed by the court of appeals."

I never intimated anything. I simply stated to his attorneys, in plain language that the Statute and party law required the committee to hear my contest and the Circuit Court had so ordered, that I demanded nothing more, and would submit to nothing less. I stated that I would use all legal means to compel the committee to hear my contest.

Now if the committee had met as ordered, and tried the contest and decided it, either for me or against me, this trial would have been the end of it. Then and in that event what step could I take, or what suit could I bring "tending to confuse matters." Absolutely none. Suits are based upon legal rights, and a trial of the contest by the committee, and its decision is final. It seems to me that the language of Mr. McCarty is not quite accurate and that he would have been more candid, had he said that he was afraid of the facts, and afraid the committee might do as provided by law and party rules, and so hear my contest, and count the ballots, and that for these reasons, he had prevented the committee from meeting on Monday and had carried the case to the Court of Appeals. There can be no other reason, or sane excuse given for his appeal of the case. Again, he says in his letter, "I have the utmost confidence in the fairness of the committee and have always been willing to abide by their decision."

This, in view of his acts, is indeed a strange statement. If he has the "utmost confidence," then why does he execute a bond to prevent the committee from hearing the case? If the facts as proven and the ballots, show him to

have been fairly nominated, then, as a matter of course, the committee would dismiss my contest.

The statute and party laws provide for such a trial. The Circuit Court, after a full hearing of the facts, has so ordered. Mr. McCarty has the "utmost confidence in the fairness of the committee" yet notwithstanding all of this, he executes a bond and thus stops and prevents the committee from hearing and deciding the contest.

Accepting as true, his statement, there can be but one inference drawn from his acts, and that is that he does not want that "fairness of the committee. The language of his letter, and his act preventing the committee from hearing the facts, conclusively show that he is afraid of the facts and does not want "fairness."

Nowhere in his advertisement or letter does he claim that he was fairly nominated. The advertisement and letter are simply burdened with "decisions" but nowhere in either is there even an intimation of "justice or fairness."

I believe that I received a majority of the legal votes in the primary election and was fairly nominated. I have followed the law and party rules, established by wisdom and justice. I have sought nothing but the facts—the fair thing.

I proposed to Mr. McCarty before filing my contest that we agree to have the committee count the ballots and abide the result. This he declined. I proposed to him in public before the committee to allow the committee to recount the ballots and end the contest. This he declined. I proposed, after Judge Bell's decision, to abide the result of a recount of the ballots, and to waive all formalities and take the case to the Court of Appeals, and have it decide the case at once, before its adjournment. This he declined. I also proposed and offered to stop the contest and abide the result of a count of the ballots, in his home precinct, where his brother was a challenger and called off the ballots, when they were counted, and where I had only one election officer, and he was denied by the other officers, a recount of the ballots, after the ballots had been so called off. This he declined. His refusal to accept any one of my various offers, show that he is so afraid of the facts. He has delayed the settlement of the contest until the 3rd Monday in September, and until such later date, as the Court may decide the case.

I will continue my fight for the right, and if the party finds itself in confusion at the November election as to its nominee for sheriff, then it can not censure me, for I have from the beginning only demanded a hearing of my contest.

M. S. BAUGHMAN.

Col. Marcellus Pointer, prominent during the Civil War as a staff officer under Gen. Joe Wheeler, and of late years a supposedly successful railway promoter, was found dead in a Bowery lodging-house, in New York, from apoplexy. Among his effects were letters from Gen. Wheeler commending him for bravery.

Objections to the discharge in bankruptcy of Harry Kendall Thaw were filed in the United States District Court at Pittsburgh by J. G. Graham, of Newburg, N. Y. For the first time during the bankruptcy proceedings the question of the sanity of Thaw was raised.

The most costly tomb in existence is that which was erected to the memory of Mohammed. The diamonds and rubies used in the decorations are said to be worth \$10,000,000.

LIBBY cut glass at Mueller's.

Summer Styles

Monarch Shirts

H. & I.

Linen Collars.

GUARANTEED HOSIERY

In New Colors.

Cummins & Wearen,

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

The Lincoln County National Bank Of Stanford, Kentucky.

Capital, \$50,000.00
Surplus, 40,000.00
Resources, 340,000.00

S. H. SHANKS, PRESIDENT W. M. BRIGHT, CASHIER,
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The Interior Journal.

E. C. WALTON

SPEAKING of evading issues, no one has so ostensibly done the evasion act as the Advocate. They first attack the whirlwind campaign movement, then they make an artful dodge to Normal Schools and in the last they present a chaotic mass of these two and the Sullivan Bill, which is not a Sullivan Bill further than being presented by that most excellent gentleman and statesman.

We can successfully deny the charge of evasion and if the Advocate will publish the article from issue of July 6 in I. J. your subscribers will most assuredly corroborate the statement. In any event we hold that evasion is a superior trait to misrepresentation. In conversation with a Boyle county citizen 15 or 20 teachers were named who were teaching in Boyle five years ago and are still following that vocation, however penurious the State may be with her pedagogues.

Again we believe that more than three citizens of Boyle are for the new educational measures; for we are not prone to think that the Danville denizens are so non-progressive as to oppose a measure which has for years bettered school conditions in the States and territories where it has been operated. It is a fact, gathered from reliable statistics, not "from a rather careful poll," that every State and territory over which floats the Star Spangled Banner has one or more Normal Schools, the most progressive from 15 to 20. In every leading foreign country, as well as in our own U. S., the policy now being pursued by Kentucky is approved and carried out. In fine the judgment of the civilized world and of its educators and statesmen is for the system opposed by the Advocate, and they have long since abandoned the plan under which Kentucky has made such slow and disgraceful progress. We often hear the plea, back to Jeffersonian democracy, and we are for that, but give us at the same time more of the Jeffersonian policies in education, for this system virtually originated with him and has been perfected through the years.

We are rather surprised that such asinine questions are raised by the Advocate as teachers being in the night rider class or subjects for the school of reform. But none can gainsay the fact that the morals and manners of the boys and girls of our Commonwealth are in the hands of the teachers and the teachers need more thorough training in the art of giving all kinds of instruction. In other words "Teach the young idea how to shoot or the young idea will shoot you." Better teachers, better schools and a more united effort on the part of public, pulpit and press is the ultimate aim of the leaders of the new movement. Will the Advocate aid in this worthy cause or will they with a very limited number of periodicals oppose a forward movement which should be nearest the hearts of all true Kentuckians. Aid and let the blot of illiteracy be stamped out and deprecations of such class be stopped?

Who but the teacher is the foundation of the school system? What can our friend mean when he says this money should be given to the masses? It is the teacher who is the mental and moral leader of every school, rural or otherwise, and why is the money not going to the masses? We fully agree that the children are all not in school and that the compulsory law is not enforced. Whose fault is it? The object of the Whirlwind Campaigns, which the Advocate berates, is to stir up such public sentiment that all school legislation will be carried out; for a law without public sentiment back of it is only half a law. Local option, as Danville citizens well know, is of no effect unless public sentiment is such as to see that the law is enforced in said districts and we are glad to note that such sentiment seems to exist in your good town. We do aver that it is the fault of the people and not of the law.

And this brings to mind another topic which seems to prevail in the mind and that is the small crowds which our contemporary avows attended the educational rallies. This fact, if it be so, only shows the greater need of some cyclonic movement to get the citizens interested in raising our State from its lost condition educationally. Is it not so?

The small crowds were not due so much to hostility as to gross indifference. And you know in sacred writ there is a sentiment expressed because you are neither cold nor hot, I will spew thee out of my mouth.

Referring to the State's Institute for the Deaf again, let us say that it costs the State \$750 per pupil to educate the indigent deaf and dumb. It costs the State \$25 to \$35 per year to train a teacher at the Normal School. Which of these will be the most productive citizen? Which the most valuable asset to the State?

The Advocate says there is no Normal School for teachers in the School for the Deaf. This would certainly be against the Advocate's economic policy when there is only one school for the deaf in the State. On the other hand they will not allow a pupil who attends

there to become an instructor of the others on full pay, before he or she has made some special preparation. This has been done in rural schools and had to be done, for Kentucky had no such place to train as she now has. Let us insist that the people be taught in accordance with most advanced plans. May we ask in this instance that the Advocate, at least let the law become operative before they so assiduously condemn.

"Be not the first by whom new things are tried,

Nor yet the last to lay the old aside."

We can't be the first, for nearly all the States in the union have relegated the old system to the back ground and have tried successfully the new.

"Though beaten back by many a fray, Yet ever strength we'll borrow, And where the vanguard rests to-day The rear will camp to-morrow."

Let old Kentucky be in the van and let us not have any opposition from those who ought to be among the most potent forces of civilization.

UNDER the law allowing each State to provide the statutes of two of its most eminent men for the Statuary Hall at Washington, the State of Virginia has had those of George Washington and Robert E. Lee made. There is a fear that Gen. Lee, having fought against the Federal government, his statue will be rejected but the question will be put up to those who are to decide and if it is, both statues will be withdrawn. It must be both or none and in making this proviso the Virginians are to be congratulated. Gen. Lee's greatness is questioned by no one and as he lived to see a reunited country, accepting fully the arbitrament of war, there is no good reason that the Virginians should not be permitted to show their respect, love and pride for one of its foremost and most famous citizens.

AFTER trying prohibition for a couple of years, Bristol, Va., voted by the narrow majority of 32 to undo its good work. The result is most unfortunate for the prohibition cause, since Tennessee has just gone into the State-wide dry column. Bristol is on the Tennessee line and it and Bristol in that State are practically one town. Its contiguity to so large a dry territory makes it the especial land of promise for the whisky people and, although the saloon license is \$2,500, it is said that 50 of them will open at once, together with large wholesale houses, which expect to quench the Tennessee under the interstate commerce law. The liquor men profess to believe that the result at Bristol will check the prohibition movement in the South, but we trust that the wish alone is father to the thought.

"I AM very lonely," wrote pretty Mrs. Raleigh, who is employed in a tobacco factory at Richmond, Va., and placed it in a package of tobacco. C. J. Worthingham, in far off Alaska, bought the package, wrote to the woman, who responded, photographs were exchanged, both professed love, and the Alaskan, who is a successful miner, is en route to claim a bride, who is not 25 and pretty. All of which should encourage despairing maids, as it shows there are many ways of securing a husband besides the old regular one of looking pretty and waiting to be asked.

SENATOR PAYNTER was sick and paired with Senator Guggenheim, of Colorado, when the Aldrich tariff bill passed 45 to 34, but as the result would not be changed, Senator Bailey suggested that Guggenheim vote if he wanted to and he did. McNerny, of Louisiana, was the only so-called democrat who voted for the shameful bill, while 10 republicans had the courage to vote against it. The passage of such a bill ought to sound the doom of the republican party, and would if it were not so strongly entrenched in power.

BOOKER WASHINGTON, the most sensible man of his race, never said a more sensible thing when he said in an address to the Negroes at Montgomery, Ala., the other day: "Since the emancipation proclamation by Abraham Lincoln there has been no benefit conferred upon the Negroes of the South equal to that conferred by the closing up of barrooms throughout these Southern States."

If the six cent tax on tobacco in the hands of the grower is finally removed, as both Houses have voted to do, the growers will owe a debt of gratitude to Congressmen James and Stanley and Senators Paynter and Bradley, but more to the latter as because of his politics, he is able to do with the present body more than the democrats.

UNLESS something unforeseen happens there is going to be the greatest corn crop this country ever produced. The wet weather may have injured the wheat materially, but it has been the making of the corn and if we can't get flour bread, corn bread isn't a bad substitute as the staff of life after all.

ROCKEFELLER has given another ten millions to the educational board, making 52 millions that he has donated to it. It won't be necessary to keep your eye skinned to see the increase in the price of coal oil, gasoline, etc. You will discern it without the precaution.

LEW B. BROWN has sold the Harrodsburg Democrat to a company of republicans headed by State Auditor Frank P. James. It is probable that Insurance Commissioner Charles W. Bell will be editor of the paper.

A SHARPSBURG couple has just married after a courtship extending over 50 years. A great many married couples will say they acted wisely since as they assert, the courting days are the happiest. What do you say?

ONE incentive for smokers has been abolished by Congress—the coupon system designed by the Tobacco Trust to induce them to buy to get prizes, which has made many a youth an inveterate user of the stuff.

ON its return from the Senate, Mr. Payne can't even recognize the strawberry mark on his offspring. Mr. Aldrich evidently wants his name to go down to infamy linked with the infamous tariff bill.

POLITICAL.

Alex Tinsley has been appointed postmaster at Cairns, Bell county.

Ruth Bryan Leavitt, since July 1, has been taking the place of her father as lecturer at sundry Chautauqua meetings on the Colorado Western slope.

The Georgia House of Representatives adopted a resolution directing Georgia Congressmen and Senators to favor measures to deny the use of the mails to the New Orleans and New York Cotton Exchanges.

Gov. Willson appointed Judge C. R. McDowell, of Danville, as the Democratic member of the State Board of Election Commissioners to succeed himself. He had already appointed John T. Shelby, of Lexington, as the republican commissioner.

The Senate accepted Senator Bradley's amendment permitting tobacco growers to sell their products without the payment of a tax. The measure is practically the same as that which passed the House. It removes the tax of 6 cents a pound on the tobacco grower as a vendor.

CHURCH MATTERS.

Lightning struck and considerably damaged the Methodist church at Hickman.

There will be services at the Baptist church at Hustonville at 7:45 Saturday evening next.

The Chautauqua, which will be held in Stanford Aug. 3rd to 8th, promises to be very entertaining.

The Epworth League of the U. S. and Canada will hold their next convention in Boston in May, 1910.

Five hundred travelers are tied up at Kansas City owing to the floods. The Mississippi has reached the flood mark at St. Louis.

William J. Bryan is making plans for a three years' lecture tour of the world. He will go to Australia first.

MILL FOR RENT!

Owing to ill-health and wanting to be away from home some time, I have decided to rent my up-to-date, Dix River Roller Mills, driven by water and steam power, good location. Mill in first-class condition.

W. H. TRAYLOR,
R. F. D. No. 4, Stanford, Ky.

Weak Women

To weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, the other is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local. Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional. The former reaches the seat of the trouble, the mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, seeking the repair of all nerve, all tissue, and all blood ailments. The "Night Cure," as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weaknesses and discharges, while the Restorative, cures nervous system ailments, restores vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—after a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well to the system. For positive local help, use as well to the system.

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

PENNY'S DRUG STORE.

The State University, Lexington, Ky.

The State University, Lexington, Ky., offers the following courses, namely, Agricultural, Mechanical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mining Engineering, Chemical Engineering, and seven Scientific courses, each of which extends over four years and leads to a Bachelor's degree, also a Department of Law and a Department of Education, which last has been established instead of the Normal School. Persons who enter this department prepare for advanced work in pedagogy and are granted a Bachelor's degree in this subject when completed. The Academy for preparatory instruction is retained.

County appointees receive free tuition, privilege of residence in the dormitories, fuel and light, traveling expenses, and they remain 10 consecutive months, or one collegiate year.

The laboratories and museum are large, well equipped, comprehensive and modern. Military Science is fully provided for as required by Congress.

The graduates in the several courses of study readily find employment with liberal remuneration. The total number of matriculates for last year was 1,075. Each department has a specialist at its head, with the necessary number of assistants. Young women find an excellent home, with board and lodging in Patterson Hall, which is well equipped with all the modern conveniences, bathroom, hall for physical culture, at \$1 per week. All courses of study in the University are open to women on identical conditions with those applying to men.

The completion of the Agricultural, Mining Engineering, Laboratory and Education buildings afford ample and commodious quarters for these departments, which are rapidly increasing in the number of matriculates.

For catalogue, methods of obtaining appointments, information regarding courses of study and terms of admission, apply to JAN. K. PATTERSON, Ph. D., LL. D., Pres., or to D. O. FRAZER, Business Agent.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 9, '09.

B. D. CARTER,
New Liver.
Depot Street,
Phone 96.
STANFORD, KENTUCKY.

NOTICE!

The McKinney Coal & Feed Co., is now prepared to supply the people with any grade of coal and any kind of coal, the farmers, will especially take notice to the low prices, those who will buy coal for wheel thrashing, prices per bushel, ranging from 8c to 10c. These coals are all good, from mines on the L. & N. Railway.

E. O. GOSCH, Mgr.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE!

I have on hand at Hughes, Martin & Co's store in Stanford typewriters of various kinds, such as the Monarch, L. O. Smith, Fox, Oliver, Remington, Smith-Premier, etc., thoroughly rebuilt and as good as new, which I will sell very cheap. Also sell repairs. Will ship anywhere on trial. Call in and see them.

M. A. JOHNSON, Stanford, Ky.

SURVEYING AND CIVIL ENGINEERING.

I am prepared to do all kinds of surveying and civil engineering promptly. My work will be guaranteed and my prices are reasonable. Write me at McKinney or call me over the telephone through the Hustonville Exchange.

WALTER MCKINNEY.

Harry Jacobs,

Dealer in and Manufacturer of,

Marble and Granite Monuments,
Markers and Posts, Cemetery and Lawn Vases and Sarcophagi. Office and works, McKinney, Ky.

The Truth

Every person in this city who is suffering from Eczema, Pimples, Dandruff or any form of skin or scalp disease, can find relief and be permanently cured by Zemo, a clean liquid for external use. All druggists sell ZEMO.

PENNY'S DRUG STORE.

The McKinney Woolen Mills,
McKinney, Ky.

Is now in operation and is ready to serve the public in making Jeans, Linseys, Blankets, Flannels, Yarns, Etc. Will either work wool or exchange goods for it. Highest market price for wool.

C. H. WRIGHT, Prop.

Small Farm For Sale!

I desire to sell privately my farm of 67 acres, in Lincoln county, seven miles from Stanford and two miles from Maywood, on good road 1/2 mile from place. In good neighborhood, close to church, rural route and 1/2 mile from school-house. Land all very productive, 5 barns in grass, business in cultivation; all under good fence. Comfortable house of six rooms; new barn and all other outbuildings. Abundance of live water and fruit of all kinds.

J. T. LIVINGSTON,
R. F. D. No. 1, Stanford, Ky.

FINE FARM IN GARRARD COUNTY FOR SALE!

A fine blue grass farm for sale situated on new pike near Point Leavelle and six miles south of Lancaster, containing 200 acres, well located in good neighborhood, being part of the John Walker tract, with a handsome new, two-story seven-room residence thereon, with all necessary outbuildings and good, new barn 40x60. Well watered, six never failing springs and creek running through.

TERMS:—Cash in hand, balance one and two years from day of sale, bearing six per cent interest until paid.

Persons looking for such place please write or see

W. O. WALKER, Stanford.

10 PER CT. REDUCTION.

C. B. PRUITT,

Moreland, Kentucky,

For 30 days, in order to clean up on Mattings, Druggists, Carpets, Rugs, Etc. Will give 10 per cent reduction. Have some rare bargains in millinery. Some big bargains in close out to wall paper. Nice selection of framed pictures. Now is your time to buy a handsome mantle mirror. Call and see them. Choice selection of rockers, good line of beds, metal and wood, metal and wood folding beds, cribs, cribs, mattresses, springs, couches, day-ports, chairs, suit cases, grips, trunks, extension tables, centre tables, medicine cabinets, glass, wash, doors, etc. Call and see us.

Well equipped stock of funeral supplies. Service night or day.

O. B. PRUITT, Moreland, Ky.

Dinwiddie

& Co.,

Hustonville, Ky.,

Undertakers and Embalmers. We carry an up-to-date line of goods.

INSURANCE.

R. B. MAHONY

Insures Tobacco, Tobacco Barns, Hemp, All Kinds of Farm Property, Everything. Everywhere. Lightning, Fire, Tornado, Life, Live Stock, Health and Accident, Plate Glass, Surety on Bonds. Immediate attention given to losses which are paid without discount.

LADIES' OXFORDS.

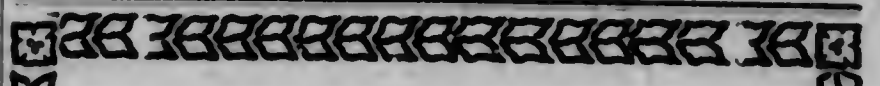
We are overstocked in Ladies'

Tan Low Shoes,

all of them Fresh, New, this season's goods and in two and three eyelet lace and straps. Ladies' "WALKOVER" at \$3.50 and "ULTRAS" at \$3.00 for this sale are \$2.25. Our \$3.50 and \$3.00 "Ultra," Black, Low Shoes in the very neatest and newest lasts. We price you now at \$2.50. The "Brockport" \$2.50, Black and Tan, we price you at \$1.85. We have a beautiful dull top, large eyelet, \$2.00 Black Oxford, in large sizes, 4 to 8, to close at \$1.50. A lot of old styles in Ladies' and Children's at any price.

H. J. McROBERTS,

STANFORD, KENTUCKY.



Prescription Pointers!

It is customary for every druggist to claim to be "best" in prescription work.

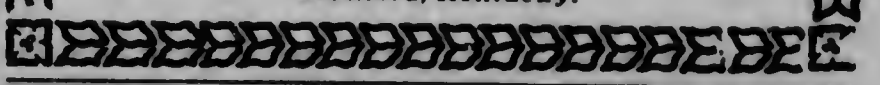
Good claim but we can't all be best.

This store claims ability, capability, facility and a complete stock of drugs.

We have the goods, the equipment, the experience.

PENNY'S DRUG STORE,

Stanford, Kentucky.



Preserving Kettles,

Mason Jars, Jar Gums and Porcelain Lined Tops. You Will Need Them.

We can Furnish Them.

W. E. Perkins, Crab Orchard.

OUR LAWN FENCE



is a less expensive and better fence than wood. More ornamental, durable and a time saver as you need no saw, hammer and nails to keep it in repair.

Call at our store, see the beautiful fabric and gates and let us show you the low prices on a good fence job.

GEORGE H. FARRIS, Stanford.

The Interior Journal.

Entered in the Post-Office at Stanford as second-class matter.

L. & N. TIME TABLE

No. 21, South, 11:30 P. M.
No. 22, South, 11:30 A. M.
No. 23, North, 4:40 A. M.
No. 24, North, 5:27 P. M.
No. 25, North, 5:27 P. M.
No. 26, South, 11:30 P. M.

JOS. S. RICE, Agent.

FOR SALE

Large and small wheat, corn and tobacco farms, level, rich and free from stone. Large residences and barns, good railroad connections. Can offer a bargain at \$5 to \$10 an acre. Long time payments.
BLAKLEY, Bowling Green, Ky.

Stock of Merchandise for Sale.

I desire to sell privately my stock of (groceries and hardware). Doing a good business. Will invoice about \$2,000. Reasonable health.
GEO. D. HOPKIN, Stanford, Ky.

A. S. PRICE,

Surgeon Dentist,

STANFORD, - KENTUCKY.

Office over McRoberts' Drug Store in the Owsley Building.

Eczema is Curable

ZEMO, a scientific preparation for external use. Stops itching instantly and destroys the germs that cause skin diseases. Eczema quickly yields and is permanently cured by this remarkable medicine. All Druggists. Write for sample. E. W. Rose Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Penny's Drug Store.

When Ordering Clothes

Have your measure taken by a tailor of experience. Then your clothes, whether a low price business suit or the finest evening clothes, will have that individuality and fit which plainly indicate they were made to your measure. I will also take your measure for extra trousers, fancy vests, top coats and overcoats. Spring and summer samples on hand ready for your inspection.
H. C. RUPLEY, The Tailor, Stanford, Ky.

Itching Skin Diseases

Are readily cured by Zemo. A liquid for external use. Zemo gives instant relief and permanently cures any form of Itching, Skin or Scalp disease. All Druggists. Write for sample. E. W. Rose Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo.
G. L. PENNY'S DRUG STORE.

FARM FOR SALE!

The farm of 140 acres, of good blue grass land, lying one mile North of McKinney, on the Stanford pike. Improvements and fencing good; plenty of water and fruit. Also 125 acres of timbered land one mile East of McKinney; half under fence; plenty of water and good tobacco land. See growing crop.
J. A. GIVENS, Agent, McKinney, Ky.

CUT FLOWERS FOR SALE!

I can furnish the public with the best, as well as the freshest of cut flowers, plants of all kinds, bulbs, potted flowers, on short notice. Also make a specialty of wreaths for funeral purposes.
In connection with the above, I have all kinds of vegetables on hand at reasonable prices.
CHRISTMAN GREEN HOUSES, Ed. HERRARD, Prop., Stanford, Ky.

WE BUY YOUR WOOL HIDES AND FURS

Feathers, Tallow, Beeswax, Ginseng, Golden Seal, (Yellow Root), etc. We are Dealers, and can do better for you than agents or commission merchants. Reference, any Bank in Louisville. Write for weekly price list and shipping tags. We furnish wool bags free.
M. SABEL & SONS, ESTABLISHED IN 1838, 229 E. Market St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

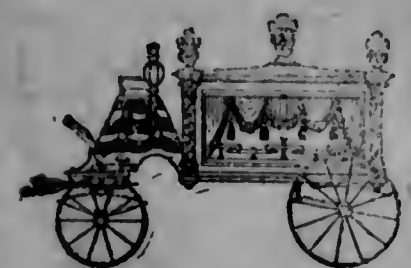
J. L. Beazley & Co.,



Undertakers and Embalmers. Also Dealers in Furniture, Mattings, Rugs. They will exchange Furniture for all kinds of Stock. Give Them a Call. Prices Right.

STANFORD, - KENTUCKY.

J. C. McClary,



Undertaker, Embalmer and Dealer in Harness, Saddles, STANFORD, - KY.

Office Phone 187. Home Phone 1.

NEWS NOTES.

A tornado at Ortonville, Minn., demolished two houses, killing Philip De-Griff.

J. T. Cameron, proprietor of the Cameron Milling Company, dropped dead at Carrollton.

A driver named Curtis was thrown from his wagon and killed at Winchester during a runaway.

The "wets" carried Bristol, Va., in a local option election by a majority of 32 out of 844 votes cast.

Sidney Pope, of Harlan county, was given two years for complicity in the killing of Toulbee Howard.

John D. Rockefeller increased his donations to the General Education Board by a gift of \$10,000,000.

The contract for building the Federal building at Versailles was awarded to a Chicago contractor for \$37,990.

Thirteen prisoners escaped from the Paducah jail. They gained their liberty by drilling a hole through the wall.

Stark county, Ohio, in which Canton is situated, went "wet" in a local option election by a majority of about 4,000.

Broughton Brandenburg, accused of enticing away James S. Cabanne III., was released from jail at St. Louis on bond of \$1,000.

A dispatch from Afton, New Mexico, says: Outlaws attacked ten Texas horse buyers and it is believed killed nine of the men.

Union men and their families are refusing to patronize the post-office at Howell, Ind., because mail carriers are riding on street cars during the Evansville strike.

Paris Cunningham and Henry McFetridge, were drowned in White River at Princeton, Ind., when the horse which they were driving plunged over a steep bank into the swollen stream.

IN NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

J. B. Robinson is dead in the Buena Vista section of Garrard.

The Lancaster base ball team defeated Wilmore 5 to 3 at Lancaster Friday.

The 12-year-old son of Vest Barnhill, of Williamsburg, was run over and killed by a coal car.

Charles W. Metcalf, of Pineville, was elected president of the Kentucky State Bar Association at Paducah.

John Arbuckle, aged 10, died at Richmond of lockjaw caused by a small splinter penetrating under his kneecap.

A mile of railroad track and a bridge were washed away by a cloudburst in Whitley county. The damage will reach \$50,000.

Joe Hilton, a K. C. brakeman whose home is at Richmond, was caught between the cars at Brush Creek and seriously injured.

Daniel K. Pearsons, a Chicago millionaire who has given a great deal of money to colleges, including \$150,000 to Berea college, Madison county, will make his final bow next April, when he will have reached his 90th birthday. He will give away all of his money on that day.

Gov. Willson refused to grant a pardon to Leonard Smallwood, sentenced to the penitentiary for life for the killing of Millard Hughes in Laurel county, stating one pardon for killing a man was enough, Smallwood having been set free by Gov. Bradley for the killing of a brother three months before the second crime was committed.

FARMER'S DEPARTMENT.

For Sale, six Southdown bucks. J. C. Lynn, Stanford.

FOR SALE.—40 or 50 barrels of corn. J. B. Foster, Stanford.

The barn of R. F. Rives in Christian county and 75 tons of hay was destroyed by lightning.

E. S. Powell and Son will have one or more of Almont Dares' colts at the fair here next week.

FOR SALE.—Pure bred Shropshire yearling and lamb rams. E. G. Bickley, Stanford, Ky. Phone 86-4.

Ben Bright bought the R. Q. Davis farm of 260 acres, on the Lexington pike 2 1/2 miles from Danville, at \$100,500. Commissioner Lee Currey sold the Sam Forsythe farm Monday to Asa Jewell for \$11,280.10. It contains 205 acres.—Harrodsburg Herald.

A stallion recently purchased by Clarence H. Mackay, of New York, for \$5,000, tried to shake a fly off its neck by rearing in the air. The horse fell breaking its neck.

STANFORD COURT.—There were about 150 cattle on the market yesterday, all of which changed hands. The cattle sold at 2 to 4 1/2c. There were about 300 sheep which went at a fraction over 35c. The horse and mule market was quiet.

FOR SALE.—A herd of registered, high grade Jersey cattle, consisting of the best of milk and butter cows with young calves; several yearlings and two year old heifers and three bulls. J. B. and Jamie G. Carpenter, Crab Orchard, Ky.

MATRIMONIAL.

M. S. Carter, a widower, aged 84, and Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Poe, aged 50, were married at Bowling Green.

Mrs. Elvira Sydnor Miller Slaughter, of Louisville, and Mr. Alvin J. Eberhart, of Camp Dennison, O., were married in Cincinnati Saturday. After a number of postponements, the bride changing her mind about the important matter a half dozen or more times.

The Great

Danville Fair,

Aug. 3, 4, 5 and 6.

Four Days of Pleasure and Entertainment. Premium List Best Ever Offered in this Section.

Best Fair in Central Kentucky.

\$3,500 Will be Given Away in Premiums and Purses.

Excursion Rates on all Roads. Special Train to and From Somerset Each Day.

TRAIN SCHEDULE FROM SOMERSET:

NORTHBOUND.	Leave	SOUTHBOUND.	Leave
Somerset	9:20 am	Danville	6:00 pm
Science Hill	9:41 am	Junction City	6:08 pm
Paducah	9:47 am	Bowen	6:13 pm
Eubanks	9:57 am	Moreland	6:18 pm
Waynesburg	10:04 am	McKinney	6:27 pm
King's Mountain	10:11 am	South Fork	6:33 pm
South Fork	10:17 am	King's Mountain	6:41 pm
McKinney	10:26 am	Waynesburg	6:48 pm
Moreland	10:35 am	Eubanks	6:55 pm
Bowen	10:40 am	Paducah	7:04 pm
Junction City	10:46 am	Science Hill	7:09 pm
Arrive in Danville	10:57 am	Arrive at Somerset	7:10 pm

T. B. BRIGHT, Pres. I. M. DUNN, Sec.

BEGINNING JULY 1st

The C. & O.

WILL SELL ROUND - TRIP TICKETS

—TO—

New York City	All Rail \$28.00
Atlantic City	25.50
Asbury Park, N. J.	23.80
Long Branch, N. J.	23.80
Ocean Grove, N. J.	23.80
Spring Grove, N. Y.	23.80
Sea Girt, N. J.	23.80
Cape May, N. J.	25.15
Ocean City, N. J.	25.80

GOOD 30 DAYS. LIBERAL STOP-OVERS

On sale every day. Round trip Tickets New York and Boston, rail and water, going one route and returning another. Good 30 days; stop-overs allowed.

Round-trip tickets to all mountain and summer resorts. Good Oct. 31.

Old Point Comfort and return, July 27 and August 21. Tickets good \$12.50

15 days. Stop over allowed on return trip \$16.00

Atlantic City and return, August 19. Tickets good 15 days. Stop-over allowed on return trip at all authorized points

For full information call on or address GEO. W. BARNEY, D. P. A., Ticket office Phoenix Hotel.

William M. Yen, City Ticket Agent.

Lexington, Ky.

Use Arnold's Hand-Made Buggies.

There are plenty cheaper buggies but there are none better. Buggy painting, first-class work, \$10; phaetons, \$12; surreys, \$14 and up, according to the size. Per set, buggy steel tires, best quality, at \$3.50. Buggy tops re-covered in 30 ounce rubber at \$8. Buggies re-covered and relined at \$10. Buggies re-covered in leather and relined for \$25. Rubber tires, the best on the market and the lowest prices, Goodyear and Kelley, at \$14. Best Goodrich at \$16. We solicit your trade.

R. M. ARNOLD, DANVILLE, KY.



GRIFTON CLOTHES

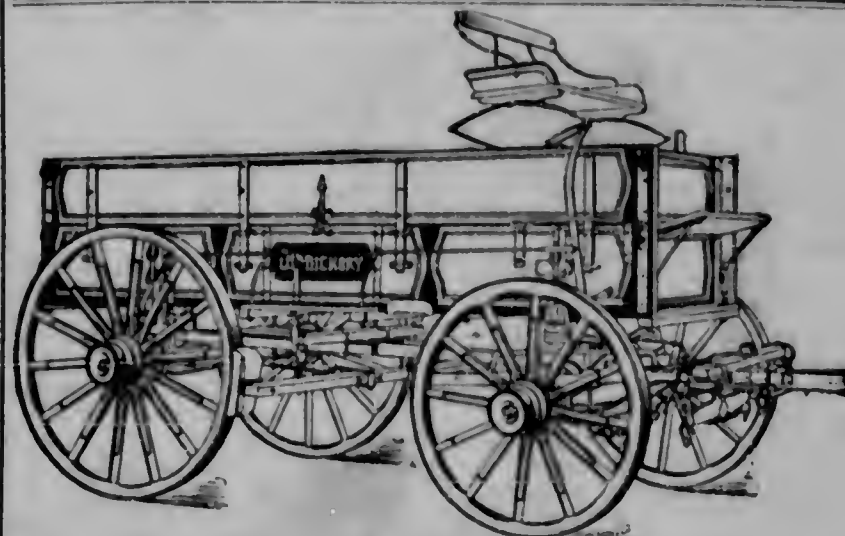
Our line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Clothing is more complete than ever before. Come to see them before buying elsewhere.

SAM ROBINSON, STANFORD, KY.

The Guessing Contest on Our Soap Window is Increasing. Don't Miss It.

W. H. HIGGINS,

Stanford, Kentucky.



I have just received a car of OLD HICKORY WAGONS, the best wagon on the market for the money. See them before buying, as there has been a great improvement in their construction.

E. T. PENCE, STANFORD, KY.

MILLINERY.

The Charles Wheeler Emporium, Hustonville, Ky.,

Invites you to the largest MILLINERY SELECTION we have ever shown.

Styles up to the minute. Prices beyond competition. We also state that our Spring Line is now complete. To save money, come and see and be convinced. Our Spring Line of Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children and our line of Gent's Shoes will certainly please. Hagan and Walkover lines are hummers and are strictly reliable. Yours for an honest deal, CHARLES WHEELER.

First National Bank,

Stanford, Ky.

Organized, 1882. Capital Stock, \$50,000.

Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$20,000.

Has paid in Dividends since Organization, \$211,500.

Invite New Accounts on Our Merits

OFFICERS.

J. S. Hocker, President;
S. T. Harris, Vice-President;
John J. McRoberts, Cashier;
H. C. Baughman, Asst. Cash.
W. W. Saunders, Bookkeeper.

DIRECTORS.

F. Reid, J. H. Baughman,
M. D. Elmore, J. M. Peitus,
H. C. Baughman, J. F. Cummins,
S. T. Harris, no. C. Robinson,
W. B. O'Bannon, J. S. Hocker,
C. E. Tate.